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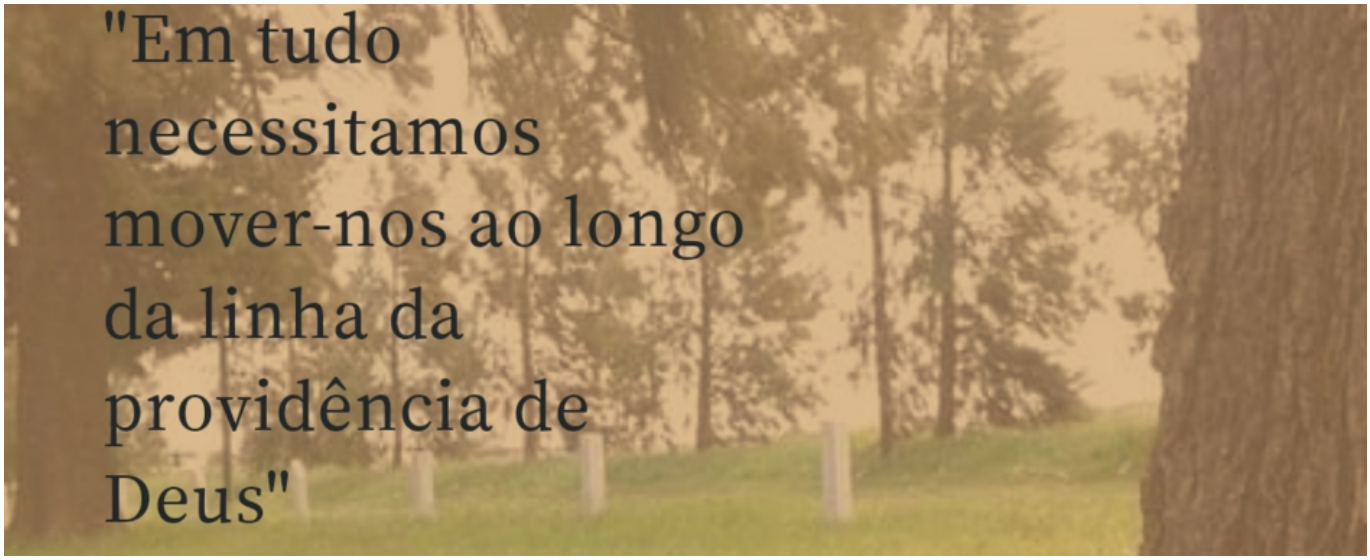

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free. He is an IT consultant and a filmmaker by passion. In addition, he likes to read fiction novels and eat sinful food. He enjoys making friends through this space and has achieved a lot of them. Site Map Category: Noticias Category: News agenciesAbsence of glutathione transferase-pi in membranes from the rat duodenum. Glutathione S-transferase-pi, a cytosolic enzyme that is abundantly present in rat liver cytosol, has been found to be absent in a microsomal membrane fraction isolated from rat duodenal mucosa, although it was present in a less amount in a microsomal fraction isolated from liver. This membrane-associated enzyme is absent in a microsomal membrane fraction isolated from rat duodenal mucosa, although it is present in a microsomal fraction isolated from liver. This membrane-associated enzyme is active toward 1-chloro-2,4-dinitrobenzene (CDNB) and 1-chloro-2,4-dinitrobenzene sulfonate (CDNB-SO3), but shows no enzymatic activity toward 1,2-dichloro-4-nitrobenzene (DCNB). The absorption spectrum of the enzyme is almost identical to that of glutathione transferase-alpha, which is also present in duodenal mucosa. The molecular weight of this enzyme in rat liver microsomes is 36,000 as determined by gel-filtration chromatography. These observations indicate that glutathione transferase-pi is absent in rat duodenal mucosa.The long term objective of the proposed research is to gain an understanding of the fundamental mechanisms involved in the regulation of renal electrolyte excretion. In particular, the role of transport in renal tubule cells and the regulation of cellular uptake will be examined. The findings from the study of Na, K-ATPase will be applied to the study of transport in the proximal and distal nephron. The aims are as follows: (1) A study of the effects of sulfhydryl reagents on the activity of Na, K-ATPase isolated from the outer medulla of rabbit kidney will be performed in order to determine the role of the sulfhydryl groups in the stabilization of the active form of the enzyme. The rate of inactivation of the enzyme will be examined by monitoring 82157476af